Strategic Direction 1: Tobacco Free Living Goal: Prevent and Reduce Tobacco Use		
CDC Recommended Evidence- and Practice-Based Strategies	Links to Guidance Documents	Healthy People 2020 Health Outcome Targets*
 Implement evidence-based strategies to protect people from second-hand smoke. 	CDC. Evaluation Toolkit for Smoke-Free Policies (2008). http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/basic_information/secondhand_smoke/evaluation_toolkit /index.htm Tobacco The Business of Quitting: An Employer's website for Tobacco Cessation http://www.businessgrouphealth.org/tobacco/ developed by the National Business Group on Health and supported by the CDC provides tools and resources for workplaces to establish a culture of health, select tobacco cessation benefits, establish workplace policies, communicate with employees and evaluate the effectiveness of the programs, policies, and practices. Tobacco-Free Workplace Campus Initiative This toolkit provides guidance for assessing, planning, promoting, implementing, and evaluating a tobacco-free campus (TFC) initiative that includes a policy and comprehensive cessation services for employees. http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpao/hwi/toolkits/tobacco/index.htm http://www.cdc.gov/nealthyhomes/Healthy_Homes_Manual_WEB.pdf US. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD): Optional Smoke-Free Housing Policy Implementation (Sept. 15, 2010) http://portal.hud.gov/portal/page/portal/HUD/program_offices/administration/hudclips/ notices/hsg/files/10-21hsgn.pdf Housing Interventions and Health: A Review of the Evidence http://journals.lww.com/jphmp/toc/2010/09001#-1750774083	 Tobacco Use 2: Increase the proportion of persons covered by indoor worksite policies that prohibit smoking. 20: Increase the proportion of smoke-free homes

- Strategic Directions and Examples of CDC-Recommended Evidence- and Practice-Based Strategies Table

Implement evidence-based strategies to prevent and reduce tobacco use among youth and adults.	http://www.thecommunityguide.org/tobacco/index.html http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/	
Increase types of outdoor venues where tobacco use is prohibited. Implement smoke-free parks. Implement smoke-free schools and campuses.	Tobacco-free sports <u>http://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/youth/sports/index.htm</u> CDC School Health Guidelines	Tobacco Use 12: Increase tobacco-free environments in schools.
Tobacco Free Living Innovative Proposals	Recipient will provide	Recipient will link to HP2020 objective
Coals: Prevent and Peduce Obesity Incre	Strategic Direction 2: Active Living and Healthy Eating ase Physical Activity; Improve Nutrition in Accordance with the Dietary Guidelines for Am	pericans 2010
Improve jurisdiction-wide nutrition, physical activity, and screen time policies and practices in early child care settings.	Preventing Childhood Obesity in Early Care and Education Programs Selected Standards from Caring for our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards (Selected Standards Book, 2010). This book provides is the new set of national standards describing evidence-based best practices in nutrition, physical activity, and screen time for early care and education programs. The standards are for ALL types of early care and education settings centers and family child care homes. The Third Edition (CFOC, 3rd Ed.) is projected to be released in 2011. http://nrckids.org/CFOC3/PREVENTING_OBESITY/index.htm Farm to Preschool Farm to Preschool programs connect child care providers and local food producers and processors, with the goal of serving healthy meals to children, providing agriculture, health and nutrition education opportunities, and supporting local and regional farmers. Food and garden-based education in preschools increases access to fresh fruits and vegetables. Resources include: National Farm to School Network http://www.farmtoschool.org	Nutrition and Weight Status 19: Increase the number of States with nutrition standards for foods and beverages provided to pre- school aged children in childcare.
Increase the number of designated Baby- friendly hospitals.	The CDC Guide to Breastfeeding Interventions. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2005. http://www.cdc.gov/breastfeeding/pdf/breastfeeding_interventions.pdf	Maternal, Infant and Child Health 28: Increase the percentage of

		live births that occur in facilities that provide recommended care for lactating mothers and their babies.
Increase policies and practices to support breastfeeding in health care, community, workplaces, and learning and childcare settings.	Ten Steps to Healthy Breastfeeding Friendly Child Care Centers Guide http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/health/physicalactivity/pdf_files/BreastfeedingFriendly ChildCareCenters.pdf This guide is designed to help child care centers improve existing breastfeeding policies and practices and their current compliance with the requirements for the Breastfeeding Friendly designation. Purchaser's Guide to Clinical Preventive Services provide summary plan description language that benefits managers can use to purchase recommended breastfeeding counseling coverage (USPSTF B Recommendation) http://www.businessgrouphealth.org/preventive/topics/breastfeeding.cfm Investing in Workplace Breastfeeding Program and Policies: An Employer's Toolkit This National Business Group on Health toolkit provides information for assessing, planning, promoting, implementing, and evaluating a worksite lactation support program. http://www.businessgrouphealth.org/benefitstopics/breastfeeding.cfm	babies. Maternal, Infant and Child Health 12: Increase the proportion of mothers who breastfeed their babies 26: Increase the percentage of employers who have worksite lactation programs.
	The CDC Guide to Breastfeeding Interventions. Atlanta: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2005. Included in this guide are breastfeeding interventions that are practice and evidence based, with a focus on selecting community and other interventions that address disparities within specific population groups <u>http://www.cdc.gov/breastfeeding/pdf/breastfeeding_interventions.pdf</u>	

Improve putrition quality of foods and	Institute of Medicine Depart, Nutrition Standards for Foods in Schools	Nutrition and Waight Status
Improve nutrition quality of foods and	Institute of Medicine Report: Nutrition Standards for Foods in Schools	Nutrition and Weight Status
beverages served or available in schools	http://www.iom.edu/Reports/2007/Nutrition-Standards-for-Foods-in-Schools-Leading-	6: Increase the contribution of
consistent with the Institute of Medicine's	the-Way-toward-Healthier-Youth.aspx	fruits to the diets of the population
Nutrition Standards for Foods in Schools.		aged 2 years and older.
 Increase access to fruits and 	Sodium Procurement Guide	18: Increase the number of
vegetables in schools.	http://www.cdc.gov/salt/pdfs/DHDSP_Procurement_Guide.pdf	States that have State-level
 Decrease amount of sodium in foods 		policies that incentivize food retail
in schools.	NPLAN's Developing Healthy Vending Beverage Agreements	outlets to provide foods that are
	http://www.nplanonline.org/sites/phlpnet.org/files/nplan/HealthyVendngAgrmnt_FactS	encouraged by the Dietary
Reduce access to competitive low	heet FINAL 090311.pdf	Guidelines.
nutrition foods and beverages.		
Ensure availability of plain, cold	OCDU: Course Deale - Calcard Free dealers are by Use May and Deaftachie	20: Increase the percentage of
drinking water throughout the day at	CSPI's Sweet Deals—School Fundraising can be Healthy and Profitable	schools that offer nutritious foods
no cost to students.	http://cspinet.org/new/pdf/schoolfundraising.pdf	and beverages outside of school
		meals.
	NPLAN's Model Wellness Policy Language for Water Access in Schools	
	http://www.nplanonline.org/childhood-obesity/products/water-access	
	CDC Guide to Fruit and Vegetables Strategies to Increase Access, Availability	
	and Consumption	
	http://www.cdph.ca.gov/SiteCollectionDocuments/StratstoIncreaseFruitVegConsumpt	
	ion.pdf	
	USDA/a Da Salt Sauna - Cut Daak on Sadium for Healthiar School Maala Fast	
	USDA's Be Salt Savvy—Cut Back on Sodium for Healthier School Meals Fact	
	Sheet http://smartsavor.com/Images/USDA%20Sodium%20Fact%20Sheet.pdf	

Improve the quality and amount of	The Community Guide Physical Activity chapter www.thecommunityguide.org	Physical Activity and Fitness
physical education and physical activity		2: Increase the proportion of
in schools.	CDC's Physical Education Curriculum Analysis Tool	schools that require daily physical
 Increase the amount of time 	http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/pecat	activity for all students.
students spend in moderate or		3: Increase daily school physical
vigorous physical activity during	CDC's Strategies to Improve the Quality of Physical Education	education.
physical education class.	http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/physicalactivity/pdf/guality_pe.pdf	4: Increase the proportion of
 Increase the total number of 		adolescents who spend at least
physical activity opportunities	NASPE's National Standards for PE	50 percent of school physical
implemented at school facilities,	http://www.aahperd.org/naspe/standards/nationalStandards/PEstandards.cfm	education class time being
including daily recess,		physically active.
intramurals/physical activity	CDC's Youth Physical Activity Guidelines Toolkit	7: Increase the proportion of
clubs, and walk or bicycle to	http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/physicalactivity/quidelines.htm#1	adolescents that meet current
and from school.		physical activity guidelines
Increase number of public	NASPE's Position Statement on Comprehensive School PA Programs	10, 11: Increase the proportion of
places (e.g. schools) accessible	http://www.aahperd.org/naspe/standards/upload/Comprehensive-School-Physical-	trips made by walking and
to the public for physical activity.	Activity-Programs2-2008.pdf	bicycling.
		12: Increase the proportion of
	NPLAN's Joint Use Agreement Resources http://www.nplanonline.org/childhood-	States and school districts that
	obesity/products/nplan-joint-use-agreements	require regularly scheduled
		elementary school recess.
	KidsWalk-to-School: A Guide to Promote Walking to School	13: Increase the proportion of
	http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa/kidswalk/resources.htm#guide	school districts that require or
		recommend elementary school
	National Center for Safe Routes to School Guide, Toolkit, and Other Resources	recess for an appropriate time
	http://www.saferoutesinfo.org/resources/	period.
	DHHS Physical Activity Guidelines	
	http://www.health.gov/paguidelines/	

 Increase accessibility, availability, affordability and identification of healthy foods in communities, including provision of full service grocery stores, farmers markets, small store initiatives, mobile vending carts, and restaurant initiatives Carry more low-sodium and no-sodium options Promote healthy food and beverage availability and identification Placement and promotion strategies Incentivize new grocery store development Menu labeling support and promotion for restaurants not covered by federal law. 	Equitable Development Toolkit: Healthy Food Retailing PolicyLink An online tool that focuses on increasing access to retail outlets that sell nutritious, affordable food in underserved communities. http://www.policylink.org/site/c.lk1XLbMNJrE/b.5137405/k.6042/Healthy_Food_Retailing ng.htm Strategic Alliance ENACT: Community Food Environment An online tool that focuses on attracting grocery stores to underserved areas through financial and regulatory incentives. http://www.preventioninstitute.org/sa/enact/neighborhood/supermarkets_underserved .php Healthy Corner Stores Describes successes and challenges of early corner store interventions and identifies steps for developing sustainable models: healthycornerstores.org Recommended Community Strategies and Measurements to Prevent Obesity in the United States http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5807a1.htm	 Nutrition and Weight Status 10: Reduce consumption of sodium in the population aged 2 years and older. 18: Increase the number of policies that incentivize healthy food retail outlets. Heart Disease and Stroke 14: Increase the proportion of adults with prehypertension who meet the recommended guidelines (sodium intake). 15: Increase the proportion of adults with hypertension who meet the recommended guidelines (sodium intake).
 Increase availability and affordability of healthful foods in institutional settings, workplaces, senior centers, and government facilities. Farm to Institution strategies Food procurement policies to increase access to low sodium options, decrease access to high sodium options. Increase availability of fruits and vegetables to employees in their work places 	Vending Machine Food and Beverage Standards (California Department of Public Health Worksite Program California Fit Business Kit! http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/cpns/Documents/Network-FV-WP- VendingMachineStandards.pdf CDC's Lean Works! offers interactive tools and evidence-based resources to design effective worksite obesity prevention and control programs. http://www.cdc.gov/leanworks/index.html Sodium Procurement Guide http://www.cdc.gov/salt/pdfs/DHDSP_Procurement_Guide.pdf	 Nutrition and Weight Status 6: Increase consumption of fruits. 7: Increase consumption of vegetables 9: Increase the proportion of persons who consume no more than 30 percent of calories from total fat. 15: Prevent inappropriate weight gain in youth and adults. 17: Reduce consumption of calories from solid fats and added sugars.

	Organizational Health Eating Policy Template (North Carolina Eat Smart Move More Worksite Initiative) <u>http://www.eatsmartmovemorenc.com/PhysicalActivityAndHealthyEatingPolicy/PhysicalActivityAndHealthyEatingPolicy.html</u> California Fit Business Kit helps employers develop and implement a culture and environment at their workplaces that support healthy eating and physical activity among workers. http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/cpns/Pages/WorksiteFitBusinessKit.aspx	
Promote purchase of fruits, vegetables, and other healthy foods through incentives associated with food assistance programs.	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) at Farmers Markets: A How-To Handbook. http://www.ams.usda.gov/AMSv1.0/getfile?dDocName=STELPRDC5085298&acct=w dmgeninfo Changes in the WIC Food Packages: A Toolkit for Partnering with Neighborhood Stores http://www.phlpnet.org/healthy-planning/products/changes-wic-food-packages-toolkit- partnering-neighborhood-stores Wholesome Wave Double Value Coupon Program http://wholesomewave.org/what-we-do/double-value-coupon-program/	 Nutrition and Weight Status 6: Increase consumption of fruits. 7: Increase consumption of vegetables. 18: Increase the number of policies that incentivize healthy food retail outlets.
 Limit density of fast food outlets and other outlets featuring high calorie, high sodium, and low nutrition foods and encourage retail venues to provide access and availability to healthier foods. Zoning: regulate the number of fast food restaurants in a given area. Provide incentives to encourage existing stores or restaurants to provide healthier food options or to encourage the development of new retail venues that offer healthier foods. 	The Center for Law and the Public's Health at Johns Hopkins and Georgetown Universities. The use of zoning to restrict fast food outlets: a potential strategy to combat obesity. http://www.publichealthlaw.net/Zoning%20Fast%20Food%20Outlets.pdf The City Planner's Guide to the Obesity Epidemic: Zoning and Fast Food http://www.publichealthlaw.net/Zoning%20City%20Planners%20Guide.pdf The Food Trust: http://www.thefoodtrust.org/php/programs/corner.store.campaign.php	 Nutrition and Weight Status 18: Increase policies that incentivize healthy food retail outlets. 22: Increase the proportion of Americans who have access to a food retail outlet that sells a variety of foods that are encouraged by the Dietary Guidelines for Americans

Increase opportunities for physical activity in communities and workplaces. • Community-wide campaigns • Access to facilities and places • Joint use agreements • Flextime • Stairwell modification • Incentives	Utah Department of Health Exercise and Health Activity Time Policy http://health.utah.gov/hearthighway/pdfs/Excercise_Release_Policy_worksites.pdf Workplace Stairwell Modification and Promotion to Increase Daily Physical Activity This toolkit provides information for implementing and promoting changes to workplace stairwells to encourage physical activity at work. http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpao/hwi/toolkits/stairwell/index.htm NPLAN's joint use agreement resources http://www.nplanonline.org/childhood-obesity/products/nplan-joint-use-agreements Discount Fitness Club Network This toolkit provides guidance on identifying and establishing a relationship with a nationwide discount fitness club network (DFCN) for employees of multi-site organizations http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpao/hwi/toolkits/fitnessclub/ Strategic Alliance-ENACT, Community Activity Strategies http://www.eatbettermovemore.org/sa/enact/members/strategiesshow.php?e=4&se= 1&aff69eff45a2561fef61a7d71cab272e Recommended Community Strategies and Measurements to Prevent Obesity in the United States http://www.cdc.gov/mcm/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5807a1.htm	 Physical Activity and Fitness 5: Increase the schools that provide access to their physical activity spaces and facilities for all persons outside of normal school hours. 6: Increase physical activity in adults. 9: Increase access to and participation in employer-based exercise facilities and programs. 10: Increase walking. 11: Increase bicycling. Disability and Secondary Conditions 7: Reduce reported barriers
Active Living and Healthy Eating Innovative Strategies.	Recipient will provide	Recipient will link to HP2020 objective

Strategic Direction 3: Increased Use of High Impact Quality Clinical Preventive Services Goals: Increase control of high blood pressure and high cholesterol; increase access to and demand for high impact quality preventive services.			
Provide training and technical assistance to health care institutions, providers and provider organizations to effectively implement systems to improve delivery of clinical preventive services, consistent with USPSTF recommendations. • Implement strategies to translate known interventions into usual clinical care to increase control of high blood	Glynn LG, Murphy AW, Smith SM, Schroeder K, Fahey T. Interventions used to improve control of blood pressure in patients with hypertension. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews 2010, Issue 3. Art. No.: CD005182:: http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/o/cochrane/clsysrev/articles/CD005182/frame.html Purchaser's Guide to increase use of clinical preventive services among employees <u>http://www.cdc.gov/pcd/issues/2008/apr/07_0220.htm</u> Guide to Clinical Preventive Services 2010-2011: http://www.ahrq.gov/clinic/pocketgd.htm	 Access to Health Services 9: Increase the persons who receive appropriate clinical preventive services. Older Adults 2: Increase the older adults who are up to date on a core set of clinical preventive measures. Heart Disease and Stroke 	
 Provide training and technical assistance to health care institutions, providers and provider organizations to effectively implement systems to increase delivery and use of treatment for tobacco use and 	The Community Guide: www.thecommunityguide.org Health Affairs November 2010 issue: Designing Insurance To Improve Value In Health Care; Purchaser's Guide to Preventive Services http://www.businessgrouphealth.org/preventive/background.cfm Get With the Guidelines Advantage: http://www.guidelineadvantage.org/TGA/	 4: Increase adults with hypertension whose blood pressure is under control 5: Increase adults who can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high 6: Reduce the cholesterol levels among adults 7: Reduce high total blood cholesterol levels in adults. 	
 Provide training and technical assistance to health care institutions, providers and provider organizations to effectively implement systems to increase delivery and use brief intervention to reduce 	WISEWOMAN http://www.cdc.gov/wisewoman/ Better Diabetes Care www.betterdiabetescare.nih.gov http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/fasd/research-preventing.html	 8: Increase blood cholesterol testing. 13: Reduce hypertension 18: Increase adherence to prescribed blood pressure medication. 19: Increase the proportion of adults with elevated LDL cholesterol who have been advised regarding cholesterol-lowering management 	
 Provide training and technical assistance to health care institutions, providers and provider organizations to effectively implement systems 	Project CHOICES is a brief motivational intervention for reducing alcohol-exposed pregnancies among women who are at high risk for such pregnancies. Drinking and Reproductive Health: A Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Prevention Tool Kit http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/fasd/acog_toolkit.html	 Diabetes 14: Increase population with diagnosed diabetes whose blood pressure is under control. 15: Improve lipid control among the population with diagnosed diabetes. 	

	to increase delivery and use of	How to Increase Colorectal Cancer Screening Rates in Practice: A Primary	Cancer
	cancer screening services.	Care Clinician's* Evidence-Based Toolbox and Guide 2008:	9: Increase cancer screening
•	Provide training and technical	http://www5.cancer.org/aspx/pcmanual/default.aspx;	counseling.
	assistance to health care	http://www.cancer.org/acs/groups/content/documents/document/acspc-024588.pdf	14: Increase number of women who
	institutions, providers and		receive a cervical cancer screening
	provider organizations to	Electronic Health Records: Office of the National Coordinator for Health	15: Increase number of adults who
	effectively implement systems	Information Technology http://healthit.hhs.gov/	receive a colorectal cancer screening 16: Increase number of women who
	to increase appropriate testing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	receive breast cancer screening
	of HIV and STDs and linkages	Understanding Panel Management: A Comparative Study of an Emerging	receive breast cancer screening
	to care and prevention with	Approach to Population Care <u>http://xnet.kp.org/permanentejournal/SUM07/panel-</u>	Substance Abuse
	positives.	management.html	21: Decrease the number of alcohol
	Provide training and technical		related deaths.
•	assistance to health care	NCI Patient Navigator Research Program http://crchd.cancer.gov/pnp/pnrp-	
		index.html	Maternal, Infant and Child Health
	institutions, providers and		10: Increase abstinence from alcohol,
	provider organizations to effectively implement systems	Patient Navigator Role of CHW can be found in Community Health Workers	cigarettes and illicit drugs among
		National Workforce Study. U. S. Department of Health and Human Services	pregnant women.
	to increase recognition and	Resources and Services Administration Bureau of Health Professions. Community	
	enhance secondary prevention	Health Worker National Workforce Study. 2007.	Adolescent Health
	of chronic Hepatitis B and	http://bhpr.hrsa.gov/healthworkforce/chw/	 Increase the percentage of adolescents tested for HIV.
	Hepatitis C infection.		addiescents tested for FIV.
		Community Health Workers' Sourcebook:	HIV
		http://www.cdc.gov/dhdsp/programs/nhdsp_program/chw_sourcebook/pdfs/sourcebo	6: Increase adults with TB who have
		ok.pdf	been tested for HIV.
			8: Increase the new HIV infections
		NCQA Patient-Centered Medical Home http://www.ncga.org/tabid/631/default.aspx	diagnosed before progression to
		Incoar Patient-Centereu Medical Home <u>Intp://www.ncqa.org/tabid/051/deladit.aspx</u>	AIDS.
		CDC Case Management Guidelines	10: Reduce the number of new cases
		www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/CaseManagement/caseManage_main.htm	of perinatally acquired HIV/AIDS and
			perinatally acquired AIDS. 12: Increase HIV-infected persons
		Medicare Accountable Care Organizations	who know they are infected.
		https://www.cms.gov/OfficeofLegislation/Downloads/AccountableCareOrganization.p	14: Increase HIV testing.
		df	
			Immunization and Infectious
		RWJ Accountable Care Organization description	Diseases
		http://www.rwjf.org/files/research/66449.pdf	1: Reduce chronic hepatitis B virus in
		http://www.rwjr.org/nies/research/00447.put	infants and young children.

	CDC Recommendation for Routine HIV Testing for Persons Age 13-64 http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5514a1.htm National Chlamydia Coalition Testing Implementation Guidance. Why Screen for Chlamydia: An Implementation Guide for Healthcare Providers. Comprehensive guidance on Chlamydia testing and screening algorithms and assistance for clinical providers in dealing with test providers as well as discussing sexual health and testing with patients <u>http://ncc.prevent.org/providers.html</u> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Recommendations for Identification and Public Health Management of Persons with Chronic Hepatitis B Virus Infection. MMWR 2008; 57(No. RR- 8): 1-20 <u>http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/rr5708a1.htm</u> American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases. Management, and Treatment of Hepatitis C: Practice Guidelines, 2009 Update (pp 1335-1339, sections on Testing, Counseling, and Test Interpretation) http://www.aasld.org/practiceguidelines/Documents/Bookmarked%20Practice%20Gu	 26: Increase persons aware they have a chronic hepatitis C infection. 27: Increase hepatitis B testing in communities experiencing health disparities. Sexually Transmitted Diseases 3: Reduce Chlamydia trachomatis infections. 4: Reduce gonorrhea rates. 5: Reduce transmission of syphilis. 6: Reduce genital herpes. 8, 9: Increase screening for genital Chlamydia infections. Disability and Secondary Conditions 14: Reduce reported delays in receiving primary care due to barriers. 15: Increase transition planning from
Provide outreach, including paid and	idelines/Diagnosis_of_HEP_C_Update.Aug%20_09pdf.pdf GYT (Get Yourself Tested):	pediatric to adult health care.
earned media, to increase use of clinical preventive services by the population or population subgroups.	http://www.itsyoursexlife.com/gyt/toolkit http://www.cahl.org/web/, the National Chlamydia Coalition: http://ncc.prevent.org/ and Cicatelli Associates: http://www.cicatelli.org/AboutCAI/home.htm.	 14: Increase HIV testing. Sexually Transmitted Diseases 8, 9: Increase screening for genital Chlamydia infections.
Increase coverage, availability and use of expedited partner therapy.	A description of EPT principles and CDC's clinical guidance (p34) can be found at <u>http://www.cdc.gov/std/treatment/EPTFinalReport2006.pdf</u> .	Sexually Transmitted Diseases 1: Reduce females who have ever required treatment for pelvic inflammatory disease.
	Program recommendations are contained in CDC's MMWR recommendations at http://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/partners/Partner-Services.html (See section on treatment for partners).	 Reduce Chlamydia trachomatis infections. Reduce gonorrhea rates. Recture gonorrhea rates. P: Increase screening for genital Chlamydia infections. Access to Health Services Increase the persons who receive appropriate clinical preventive services.
Prevent diabetes, especially in high risk populations.	Diabetes Training and Technical Assistance Center – **This site provides information on diabetes and in the future will house training, curriculum and	Diabetes 16: Increase the people with pre-

 Increase coverage, availability and use of the National Diabetes Prevention Program Increase preventive services for pregnant women with gestational diabetes or a history of gestational diabetes. 	recognition information on the National Diabetes Prevention Program. <u>http://dttac.org/about/index.html</u> Knowler WC, Barrett-Connor E, Fowler SE, et al. Reduction in the incidence of type 2 diabetes with lifestyle intervention or metformin . N Engl J Med 2002;346:393-403. National Diabetes Prevention Program	diabetes or multiple diabetes risk factors that engage in prevention behaviors. Access to Health Services 9: Increase the persons who receive appropriate clinical preventive services.
	http://www.cdc.gov/diabetes/projects/prevention_program.htm	HIV 14: Increase HIV testing.
Increase access to and use of school- based dental sealant programs.	Association of State and Territorial Dental Directors (ASTDD) Best Practice Approach Report: School-based Sealant Programs http://www.astdd.org/school-based-dental-sealant-programs/	Oral Health 10: Increase dental sealants on their molar teeth.
Improve arthritis, asthma, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes outcomes with chronic disease self management training programs.	Stanford Chronic Disease Self-Management Program <u>http://patienteducation.stanford.edu/programs/cdsmp.html</u> Arthritis evidence-based self-management programs <u>http://www.cdc.gov/arthritis/interventions/self_manage.htm</u>	 Arthritis, Osteoporosis, & Other Back Conditions 7: Increase provider counseling for arthritis. 8: Increase education for adults with arthritis.
	Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Asthma www.nhlbi.nih.gov/guidelines/asthma/	Respiratory Diseases 1, 2: Reduce hospitalizations and
	Asthma: A Business Case for Employers and Health Care Purchasers http://asthmaregionalcouncil.org/uploads/Asthma%20Management/Asthma%20- %20%20A%20Business%20Case%20for%20Employers%20and%20Health%20Care %20Purchasers%20%202010.pdf	 a. Reduce hospitalizations and emergency visits for asthma 3: Reduce activity limitations among persons with asthma 4: Reduce activity limitation due to chronic lung/ breathing problems.
	The Asheville Project http://www.pharmacytimes.com/files/articlefiles/TheAshevilleProject.pdf	Reduce asthma deaths 7: Reduce number of school or
	Diabetes Self-Management Education Action Guide http://www.prevent.org/data/files/initiatives/diabetesprogram.pdf	work days missed among persons with asthma 8: Increase the proportion of persons with asthma who receive

	AADE Guidelines for the Practice of Diabetes Self-Management Education and Training http://www.diabeteseducator.org/DiabetesEducation/position/Practice_Guidelines.ht ml	formal patient education 9: Increase appropriate asthma care. Heart Disease and Stroke 4: Increase adults who can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high. 6: Increase adults who have had cholesterol checked. 7: Reduce high blood cholesterol levels 8: Reduce the mean total cholesterol among adults 11: Increase adherence to hypertensive prescriptions. 12: Increase controlled hypertension. 13: Increase cholesterol management. Diabetes 1: Increase diabetes education. 4: Reduce lower extremity amputations. 13: Improve glycemic control. 14, 15: Increase population with diagnosed diabetes whose blood pressure and lipids are under control.
Implement Viral Hepatitis Action Plan	http://www.hhs.gov/ash/initiatives/hepatitis/	
Clinical Preventive Services Innovative Interventions.	Recipient will provide	Recipient will link to HP2020 objective

Strategic Direction 4: Social and Emotional Wellness			
Goals Promote effective parenting practices.	Increase child and adolescent health and wellness, including social and emotional wellness Increase child and adolescent health and wellness, including social and emotional wellne Bright Futures http://brightfutures.aap.org/3rd_Edition_Guidelines_and_Pocket_Guide.html http://www.cdc.gov/ace/index.htm School Connectedness: Strategies for Increasing Protective Factors among Youth http://www.cdc.gov/ace/index.htm School Connectedness: Strategies for Increasing Protective Factors among Youth http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/AdolescentHealth/pdf/connectedness.pdf http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/index.htm http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/index.htm	Maternal, Infant and Child Health14: Increase the proportion of children with special health care needs who receive their care in family-centered, comprehensive, coordinated systems.30: Increase screening, evaluation, and early intervention in young children with developmental delays.Mental Health and Mental Disorders 6: Increase treatment for children with mental health problemsEarly and Middle Childhood 5: Increase use of positive parenting.Disability and Secondary Conditions 20: Increase intervention services in home or community-based settings for children with disabilities.Adolescent Health 8: Increase the adolescents connected to a positive adult caregiver.	

Implement effective positive youth development and risk reduction approaches to improve adolescent health.	Communities that Care http://www.sdrg.org/CTCInterventions.asp Raising Healthy Children http://www.sdrg.org/rhcsummary.asp Review of studies with impressive outcomes, Johns Hopkins School of Public Health	
Social and Emotional Wellness Innovative Interventions.	http://www.jhsph.edu/bin/i/h/gbg.pdf Recipient will provide	Recipient will link to HP2020 objective
Goal	Strategic Direction 5: Healthy and Safe Physical Environment s: Increase bicycling and walking; improve the community environment to support health	
Increase adoption of comprehensive approaches to improve community design to enhance walking and bicycling and active transportation.	CDC Recommendations for Improving Health through Transportation Policy http://www.cdc.gov/transportation/recommendation.htm Active Design Guidelines: Promoting Physical Activity and Health in Design www.nyc.gov/html/ddc/html/design/active_design.shtml KidsWalk-to-School: A Guide to Promote Walking to School http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa/kidswalk/resources.htm#guide National Center for Safe Routes to School guide, toolkit, and other resources http://www.saferoutesinfo.org/resources/ http://www.cdc.gov/InjuryViolenceSafety/ http://www.cdc.gov/aging/	 Environmental Health 9: Increase use of alternative modes of transportation. Disability and Secondary Conditions 7: Reduce reported barriers Physical Activity and Fitness 6, 7: Increase physical activity in adults and adolescents. 10: Increase walking. 11: Increase bicycling. Environmental Health 9: Increase use of alternative modes of transportation.
Establish community design standards to make streets safe for all users, including pedestrians, bicyclists and users of public transit.	Increasing Physical Activity Through Community Design: A Guide for Public Health Practitioners www.bikewalk.org/pdfs/IPA_full.pdf How to Develop a Pedestrian Safety Action Plan http://drusilla.hsrc.unc.edu/cms/downloads/howtoguide2006.pdf	modes of transportation.Environmental Health9: Increase use of alternativemodes of transportation.Physical Activity and Fitness10: Increase walking.

	Complete Streets: Best Policy and Implementation Practices www.completestreets.org/webdocs/resources/cs-bestpractices-chapter5.pdf http://www.cdc.gov/InjuryViolenceSafety/	 11: Increase bicycling 16: Increase policies for the built environment that enhance access to and availability of physical activity opportunities.
Increase mixed use zoning and transit- oriented development.	Creating Safe, Healthy and Active Living Communities: A Public Health Professional's Guide to Key Land Use and Transportation Planning Policies and Processes www.safehealthycommunities.com/pdfs/tools_guides_factsheets/CreatingSafeHealth yCommunities.pdf Creating Regulatory Blueprint for Healthy Community Design: A Local Government Guide to Reforming Zoning and Land Development Codes www.healthytransportation.net/Creating%20a%20Regulatory%20Blueprint%20for%2 OHealthy%20Community%20Design.pdf	 Environmental Health 9: Increase use of alternative modes of transportation. Physical Activity and Fitness 10: Increase walking. 11: Increase bicycling
Establish community protocols to assess the impact of community changes on community health and wellbeing.	A Health Impact Assessment Toolkit: A Handbook to Conducting HIA www.humanimpact.org/component/jdownloads/finish/11/8 Practice Standards for Health Impact Assessment (HIA) http://www.humanimpact.org/doc-lib/finish/11/9 Planning for Healthy Places with Health Impact Assessments http://professional.captus.com/Planning/hia/default.aspx	 Physical Activity and Fitness 6, 7: Increase physical activity in adults and adolescents. Disability and Secondary Conditions 7: Reduce reported barriers
 Change building codes and other important policies to increase safe and healthy homes. Promote community-level building codes to require all new construction to be radon-resistant Promote community-level property maintenance and other codes to improve indoor home environments by improving requirements for smoke-, CO, and radon-detectors in homes. Promote community-level property maintenance and other codes in 	 Healthy Homes Guidance Document (CDC document cleared; link to be posted soon) Housing Interventions and Health: A Review of the Evidence (http://journals.lww.com/jphmp/toc/2010/09001#-1750774083) Healthy Housing Reference Manual (www.cdc.gov/nceh/publications/books/housing/housing.htm) Surgeon General's Call to Action to Promote Healthy Homes (www.surgeongeneral.gov/topics/healthyhomes/calltoactiontopromotehealthyhomes.pdf) Trailer Document (CDC document not yet publicly available) Asthma Community Guide (www.thecommunityguide.org/asthma/index.html) HUD's Strategic Plan (www.hud.gov/offices/lead/library/hhi/hh_strategic_plan.pdf) and Notice of Funding Availability (www.hud.gov/library/bookshelf12/supernofa/) www.cdc.gov/lead http://www.cdc.gov/Environmental/ 	 Environmental Health 3: Reduce pesticide exposures. 5: Reduce physical problems in housing units. 13: Reduce blood lead levels in children. 16: Reduce indoor allergen levels. 17: Increase the number of homes with an operating radon mitigation system. 18: Increase number of homes constructed with radon-reducing features 24: Reduce the number of U.S.

 home environments such as bathrooms and stairs to reduce injury risks. Promote private and public health care policies to provide reimbursement for asthma education and environmental trigger reduction through home visits. Integrate healthy homes principles into home visiting program protocols. Implement community wide campaigns that promote safe and healthy homes. 		homes with lead-based paint hazards. Tobacco Use 20: Increase the proportion of smoke-free homes Disability and Health 21: Increase homes and residential buildings with visitable features.
	Association of State and Territorial Dental Directors (ASTDD) Best Practice Approach Report: Use of Fluoride – Community Water Fluoridation <u>http://www.astdd.org/use-of-fluoride-community-water-fluoridation/</u>	Oral Health 2: Increase the proportion of the U.S. population served by community water systems with optimally fluoridated water.
Reduce alcohol retail outlet density and reduce illegal beverage service.	Community Guide http://www.thecommunityguide.org/alcohol/outletdensity.html Community Guide http://www.thecommunityguide.org/alcohol/dramshop.html	 Substance Abuse 8: Reduce average annual alcohol consumption 16: Reduce the proportion of adults who drank excessively 7: Reduce the proportion of persons engaging in binge drinking of alcoholic beverages 20: Decrease the number of deaths attributable to alcohol.
Healthy and Safe Physical Environment Innovative Interventions.	Recipient will provide	Recipient will link to HP2020 objective

*Complete Healthy People 2020 Objectives can be found at: <u>http://www.healthypeople.gov/hp2020/Objectives/TopicAreas.aspx</u> Additional guidance is available at <u>www.cdc.gov</u> and at specific programmatic links at the CDC website.